

NEPA Assignment from FHWA to VDOT

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What is NEPA?

- National Environmental Policy Act of 1969
- Requires Federal agencies to make informed decisions before they move forward with a project/action
- Informed decisions are based on studies documented in:
 - Categorical Exclusions: Projects with no significant impacts
 - Environmental Assessments: Projects where the significance of the impacts are not known
 - Environmental Impact Statements: Projects with significant impacts



SAFETEA-LU (2005)

Created Two NEPA Assignment Programs

- CE Assignment:
 - Allows assignment of CE decisions
 - Available to all states
 - Not a pilot
 - Only for highway projects

Full NEPA Assignment:

- Allows assignment of EISs and EAs
- Available only to five states
- Limited duration
- Only for highway projects



MAP-21 (2012)

Updated SAFETEA-LU NEPA Assignment Programs

- Updates to CE and Full NEPA Assignment:
 - Not required to give up existing flexibility in project delivery methods
 - State can terminate agreement with 90 day notice
 - State can use federal funds for attorney fees

Updates to Full NEPA Assignment:

- Permanent program
- Open to all states
- Can be use for transit, rail, and multimodal projects
- Audit requirements end after fourth year

VDOT

NEPA Assignment Participation Among States

- Five original pilot states (California, Alaska, Ohio, Texas, Oklahoma) for full assignment under SAFETEA-LU
 - Only California accepted assignment
 - California had a state version of NEPA in place (VDOT does not), enhancing implementation
- Texas has CE assignment and is pursuing full assignment
- Alaska has CE assignment and is considering full assignment
- Utah has CE assignment and is not pursuing full assignment



Current NEPA Process

- FHWA determines type of NEPA document (CE, EA, or EIS)
- VDOT performs supporting NEPA studies
- VDOT prepares NEPA document for FHWA consideration
- FHWA serves as lead point of contact with other federal agencies
- FHWA reviews NEPA document
- FHWA approves NEPA document:
 - CE: File is documented
 - EA: Finding of No Significant Impact (or EIS necessary)
 - EIS: Record of Decision



NEPA Assignment Process

- VDOT performs all of those functions:
 - VDOT determines the most appropriate NEPA document (CE, EA, EIS)
 - Eliminates FHWA local and headquarters review
 - VDOT serves as lead point of contact with other agencies
 - VDOT approves NEPA document



Benefits of NEPA Assignment

- Reduces process time
- Reduces cost of conducting NEPA



Implementation

- Additional thoughts and considerations
 - Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (covers MAP-21 changes; closes October 29, 2013)
 - State legislative authority to perform NEPA
 - Coordination with other federal agencies
 - VDOT's role on local government NEPA work
 - Legal assistance and support
 - Other Federal requirements:
 - Clean Water Act: Corps of Engineers
 - Threatened and Endangered Species Act: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
 - National Historic Preservation Act: Advisory Council on Historic Preservation



What's Next

- VDOT to comment on Federal DOT's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking
- VDOT to pursue legislative authority
- Develop a program application to embrace either full NEPA assignment or CE assignment (requires clarification on the particulars of each option)
- Identify resources (staff, legal, etc.)

