



Nick Donohue November 7, 2007













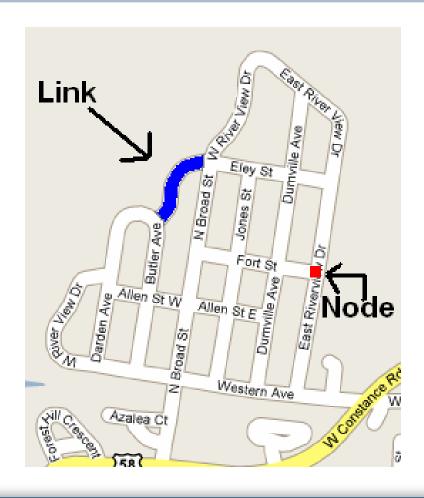
- Intended to ensure streets accepted into state system for perpetual public maintenance provide commensurate public benefit
- Legislation mandates that the new regulation include requirements or provisions that:
 - Ensure connectivity of road and pedestrian networks with existing and future transportation network
 - Minimize storm water run-off
 - Minimize impervious surface area through reduced streets widths
 - Address performance bonding and cost recovery

- Implementation Advisory Committee consisting of stakeholders has met four times, significant discussion regarding:
 - Connectivity requirements
 - Pedestrian Accommodations
 - Area Type Thresholds
 - Conditional Acceptance

Connectivity Requirements

Compact Area Type for Network Additions

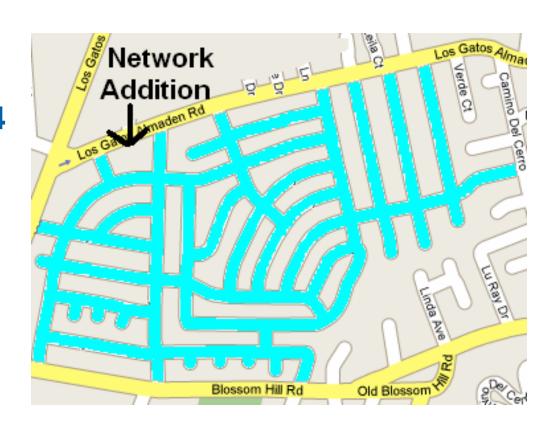
- Link-Node Ratio of 1.6 or greater
- One external connection as well as an additional external connection and stubout per 50 links or fraction thereof



Connectivity Requirements

Suburban Area Type for Network Additions

- Link-Node Ratio of 1.4 or greater
- One external connection as well as an additional external connection and stubout per 50 links or fraction thereof



Connectivity Requirements

Rural Area Type for Network Additions

 One external connection as well as an additional external connection and stub-out per 50 links or fraction thereof

All Area Types

 Developments must connect with adjoining development's stub-outs to be eligible for acceptance into state system

Stub out is a short segment of street at the edge of development intended to provide connectivity with future development

Connectivity Exceptions

- Incompatible adjoining land use, stub-outs required – external connectivity
- Terrain external connectivity
- Existing development, stub-outs required external connectivity
- Parcel shape, stub-outs required external connectivity (must show reasonable efforts to provide external connectivity)

Individual Street Acceptance

Individual streets may be considered if:

- Local streets that provide missing link
- Collector or above
- Frontage or reverse frontage road
- Rural addition

Same connectivity exceptions apply

Pedestrian Accommodations

Compact Area Type

Sidewalks required

Suburban Area Type

• (i) Sidewalks required OR (ii) system of multi-use trails and sidewalks

Rural Area Type

 (i) One sidewalk required OR (ii) system of multiuse trails

Pedestrian Accommodations

Suburban and Rural Area Types

 Requirements may be modified by District Administrator when developer proposes alternative pedestrian accommodation that provides connectivity

Suburban Area Types

 When density is less than 2 DU/acre may use rural area type accommodations

Area Type Thresholds

Commissioner, based upon a resolution from the local governing body, may determine that an area type or area type requirements for a specific area should be modified. Areas may only be considered if it is designated for agriculture, forestry, conservation and/or open space uses.

Any such modification shall cease to apply if the zoning or district classification of the specific area is modified.

Conditional Acceptance

Developers <u>may choose</u> to meet link-node ratio requirements for network addition through provision of additional stub-outs

Process would carry risk that if locality or other entity prevents the stub-outs from being connected with future development, network addition would be removed from the state system after one year

Next Steps

- Internal VDOT review of design standards with AASHTO Green Book for context sensitive design
- Review of national stormwater management techniques to determine which are appropriate for use in Virginia
- Publish draft regulation for public comment in December
- Develop guidance document that will supplement the regulation





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